



# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

CLASS: VII	DEPARTMENT: SCIENCE 2025 - 2026	DATE: 11/08/2025
TEXTBOOK Q & A	TOPIC: NUTRITION IN ANIMALS	NOTE: A4 FILE FORMAT
NAME OF THE STUDENT:	CLASS & SEC:	ROLL NO.

.Fill in the blanks:	
(a) The main steps of digestion in humans are,,	_,
and	
Ans: ingestion, digestion, absorption, assimilation and egestion.	
(b) The largest gland in the human body is	
Ans: liver	
(c) The stomach releases hydrochloric acid and juices which act on food	l.
Ans: digestive	
(d) The inner wall of the small intestine has many finger-like outgrowths called	
Ans: villi	
(e) Amoeba digests its food in the	
Ans: food vacuole	
1. Mark 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if it is false:	
(a) Digestion of starch starts in the stomach. (T/F)	
Ans: False.(mouth)	
(b) The tongue helps in mixing food with saliva. (T/F)	
Ans: True	
(c) The gall bladder temporarily stores bile. (T/F)	

#### **Ans: True**

(d) The ruminants bring back swallowed grass into their mouth and chew it for some time. (T/F)

**Ans: True** 

- 2. Tick ( $\sqrt{ }$ ) mark the correct answer in each of the following:
  - (a) Fat is completely digested in the
    - (i) stomach, (ii) mouth, (iii) small intestine, (iv) large intestine
  - (b) Water from the undigested food is absorbed mainly in the
    - (i) stomach (ii) food pipe (iii) small intestine (iv) large intestine
- 3. Match the items of Column I with those given in Column II:

COLUMN I	COLUMN II	
FOOD COMPONENTS	PRODUCT(S) OF DIGESTION	
Carbohydrates	Fatty acids and glycerol	
Proteins	Sugar	
Fats	Amino acids	

Ans: Carbohydrates- Sugar, Proteins- Amino acids, Fats- Fatty acids and glycerol

4. What are villi? What is their location and function?

<u>Ans:</u> Villi are small finger-like projections present in the inner walls of the small intestine. Its function is to increase the surface area of the small intestinal wall to absorb the digested food.

- 5. Where is the bile produced? Which component of the food does it digest?

  Ans: The liver secretes the bile juice, which is temporarily stored in the gall bladder.

  Bile plays an important role in the digestion of fats. It breaks down fats into fatty acids and glycerol.
- 6. Name the type of carbohydrate that can be digested by ruminants but not by humans. Give the reason also.

<u>Ans:</u> Cellulose is a carbohydrate that can be digested only by ruminants and not by humans. This is because humans lack the cellulose-digesting bacteria in their stomachs. Ruminants have a large sac-like structure between the small and large intestines called the caecum, where the action of certain bacteria digests the food containing cellulose.

7. Why do we get instant energy from glucose?

> Ans: Glucose is a simple sugar and is easily absorbed by the body into the blood. Hence, when glucose is directly taken, it does not have to be digested and thus acts as an instant source of energy.

Which part of the digestive canal is involved in: 8.

- (i) absorption of food \_\_\_\_\_\_. **Ans: Small intestine**
- (ii) chewing of food \_\_\_\_\_\_. Ans: Mouth/buccal cavity (Teeth)
- (iii) killing of bacteria \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. <u>Ans:</u> Stomach (Hydrochloric acid) (iv) complete digestion of food \_\_\_\_\_\_. <u>Ans:</u> Small intestine
- (v) formation of faeces \_\_\_\_\_\_. Ans: Large intestine
- Write one similarity and one difference between the nutrition in amoeba and human 9. beings.

Ans: Similarity- a) In both cases, digestive juices break down the complex food particles into simple substances (which can be absorbed). b) Both carry out ingestion, digestion, absorption, assimilation, and egestion.

Difference- Amoeba has no mouth and no digestive system, whereas a human being has a mouth and a digestive system made up of many organs.

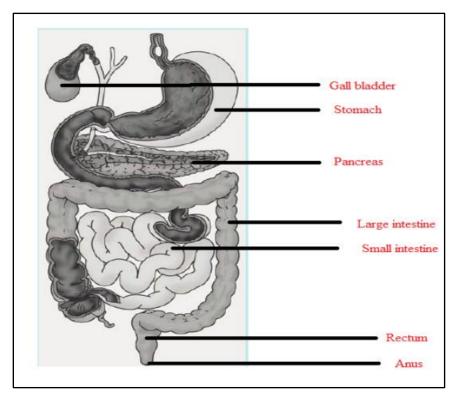
**10.** Match the items of Column I with suitable items in Column II

Column I	Column II
a) Salivary gland	i) Bile juice secretion
b) Stomach	ii) Storage of undigested food
c) Liver	iii) Saliva secretion
d) Rectum	iv) Acid release
e) Small intestine	v) Digestion is completed
f) Large intestine	vi) Absorption of water

#### <u>**Ans</u>**:</u>

Column I	Column II
a) Salivary gland	iii) Saliva secretion
b) Stomach	iv) Acid release
c) Liver	i) Bile juice secretion
d) Rectum	ii) Storage of undigested food
e) Small intestine	v) Digestion is completed
f) Large intestine	vi) Absorption of water

## 11. Label the given figure of the digestive system.



### 12. Can we survive only on raw, leafy vegetables/grass? Discuss.

<u>Ans:</u> No. Humans cannot survive only on raw, leafy vegetables or grass. It is because the grass is rich in cellulose, and our body does not have bacteria that can digest cellulose.

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